UNIT 1

Vocabulary

1. Complete the sentences with the words below. There are more words than you need.
   - encounter • guided tour • isolated • landmarks • achieve • face • awareness • supplies • scenery

   1. The policeman talked to the teenagers to increase their ………………… of the dangers of drink driving.
   2. The little boy was upset after the frightening ………………… with an angry dog.
   3. The company hopes to ………………… better results this year.
   4. We chose to drive through the mountains because of the beautiful ………………… .
   5. London has many famous ………………… which are popular with tourists.
   6. We took a ………………… of Australia last winter.
   7. My neighbours moved away from the city to an ………………… part of the country.

2. Complete the sentences to show that you have understood the meaning of the words in bold.

   1. My neighbour warned us that ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… .
   2. Visiting a foreign country is ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… .
   3. I find it difficult to face ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… .
   4. After climbing the steep hill, we ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… .
   5. When hiking, you should watch out for ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… .
   6. We decided to turn back when ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… ………………… .

3. Match A to B to form sentences.

   A
   1. I won’t buy this house
   2. Lynda likes colourful clothes
   3. The streets are often deserted at night
   4. Nothing grows in our garden
   5. The fantastic scenery in Cape Town

   B
   a. attracts lots of tourists.
   b. because it’s in a noisy part of town.
   c. and never buys black or brown outfits.
   d. and can be very dangerous.
   e. because the earth is very sandy.
4 Complete the mini-dialogues with the words and phrases below. Make any necessary changes.

**set off • take off • turn back • give up • run out of
hire • unpredictable • local • route • journey**

1. A: When do we have to leave for the airport? The plane ………………………… at five o’clock.
   B: I …………………………. a taxi to come at two o’clock. I hope it arrives on time.

2. A: My football team isn’t doing well. I hope they don’t …………………………. in the next match.
   B: You may be surprised. They’re an …………………………. team and they might win this time!

3. A: I always …………………………. paper when I have to print my homework!
   B: Do you want me to go to the …………………………. shops and buy some?

4. A: I think we made a mistake. This isn’t the right …………………………. to the next town.
   B: Let’s …………………………. at the next traffic light.

5. A: We’ve got a long …………………………. tomorrow. We have to drive 300 kilometres.
   B: I think we’ll have to …………………………. very early in the morning.

5 Complete the passage with the words and phrases below.

**exotic • hiring • travel arrangements • crowded • make reservations • getting away**

Today, many people 1. …………………………. for restaurants on the Internet. You can read the restaurant reviews to check if it is a quiet or 2. …………………………. place to eat. You can also look for restaurants that serve 3. …………………………. food if you are tired of hamburgers and chips. People who are going on holiday often use the Internet to make 4. …………………………. like buying plane tickets or 5. …………………………. a car. Whether you are 6. …………………………. or staying closer to home, the Internet has changed the way we plan our free time.

**Grammar**

1. Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

   1. Eric never 1. …………………………. (miss) his favourite sports programmes. He 2. …………………………. (watch) basketball games on Tuesdays and Sundays. The Sports Channel 3. …………………………. (show) football matches on Mondays and Wednesdays. There is no sport on TV today. What 4. …………………………. Eric …………………………. (do)?
      He 5. …………………………. (go) with his friends to watch the local football team.

   2. Jack 1. …………………………. (work) in his father’s office this summer. He usually 2. …………………………. (get) a job at the snack bar at the swimming pool, but the manager
1. ………………………………. (not need) any help this summer. Jack 4. ………………………………. (like) working for his father. He 5. ………………………………. (learn) how to use new computer programs now.

3. 1. ………………………………. (meet) my friends at the shopping mall now. We 2. ………………………………. (shop) for a birthday present for Cathy. Her parents 3. ………………………………. (give) her a party tonight but she 4. ………………………………. (not know) about it. 5. ………………………………. you ……………………. (think) she will be surprised?

2 Rewrite the sentences with the time expressions in brackets. Make any necessary changes.
1. Beth is driving to work now. (usually) .......................................................... .......................................................... .......................................................... .......................................................... ..........................................................
2. Rick doesn’t read the newspaper. (at the moment) .......................................................... .......................................................... .......................................................... .......................................................... ..........................................................
3. Dad empties the bin every evening. (now) .......................................................... .......................................................... .......................................................... .......................................................... ..........................................................
4. The dogs are making a lot of noise at the moment. (in the mornings) .......................................................... .......................................................... .......................................................... .......................................................... ..........................................................
5. Mark is working at Zara’s Café. (often) .......................................................... .......................................................... .......................................................... .......................................................... ..........................................................

3 Choose the correct verbs to complete the sentences. Use the Past Simple or Past Continuous.
1. They ………………………………. home while their mother ………………………………. dinner. (arrive / cook)
2. The electricity ………………………………. while Larry ………………………………. a computer game. (play / go off)
3. The children ………………………………. when the teacher ………………………………. the classroom. (enter / talk)
4. David suddenly ………………………………. the phone number while he ………………………………. through his book. (remember / look)
5. ………………………………. the baby ………………………………. when the babysitter ………………………………. the room? (cry / leave)
6. I ………………………………. the film tickets while my boyfriend ………………………………. the car. (buy / park)

4 Write sentences with the words below. Make any necessary changes.
1. expect / soon / Emily / to arrive / her friends / .
2. petrol / go up / last week / the price of / .

3. visit / their grandmother / every summer / the boys / .

4. usually / the postman / when / the letters / deliver / ?

5. not bring / yesterday / my lunch / to school / I / .

5 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Simple, Present Continuous, Past Simple or Past Continuous.

1. I ¹ ........................................... (think) that Dani ² ........................................... (come) to the meeting tonight, but she is late. Everyone ³ ........................................... (wait) for her at the moment. A week ago, she ⁴ ........................................... (call) me while I ⁵ ........................................... (plan) this meeting. She ⁶ ........................................... (be) interested in participating.

2. Yesterday, Yvonne ¹ ........................................... (watch) her baby brother when he ² ........................................... (fall) down the stairs. He ³ ........................................... (not stop) crying and she ⁴ ........................................... (begin) to worry. She ⁵ ........................................... (decide) to take him to hospital.

UNIT 2

Vocabulary

1 Match A to B to form sentences.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. The search party found the boy</td>
<td>a. because her mother stopped giving her sweets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The teacher praised the class</td>
<td>b. the finish line first.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Surprisingly, the best runner didn’t reach</td>
<td>c. after looking in the woods for six hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. The little girl’s health improved</td>
<td>d. or do you still need my help?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Can you finish the project on your own,</td>
<td>e. for getting the best marks in the school.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2 Complete the sentences by adding a suffix to the words below.

exhaust • frighten • excite • irritate • bore

1. Amy was very ................................ by the lovely presents that she got for her birthday.
2. I’m ………………… because I stayed up all night to finish my history project.

3. That music is really …………………. Please turn it off!

4. The dog is …………………. of loud noises and always barks during a thunderstorm.

5. Ben doesn’t recommend this book because he thinks it’s ………………… .

3 Match the words in box A to the words in box B to form expressions to complete the sentences. Make any necessary changes.

A           keep • save • stay • emergency • fear • road

B           her life • calm • accident • of • warm • landing

1. The pilot decided to make an ………………… at the nearest airport because someone on the plane was very ill.

2. You have to wear special clothes to …………………. when you go skiing in the mountains.

3. My little brother won’t go to the beach because he is ………………… water.

4. I heard about a terrible ………………… on the news; a car hit a school bus.

5. Louise couldn’t ………………… when Ted insulted her in front of their friends.

6. The man pulled the girl out of the river and ………………… .

4 Complete the sentences to show that you have understood the meaning of the words in bold.

1. The doctors were relieved when …………………………………………………………. .

2. My parents have realised that …………………………………………………………. .

3. It was difficult, but Oliver eventually ……………………………………………………. .

5 Complete the passages with the words and phrases below. There are more words than you need.

panic • satisfying • firefighters • interesting • risk • survivors • alive • natural disaster
rescue team • rescue • exciting • brave • damage

1. Last night, we saw a very 1. …………………. television show. It was about the miners in Chile in South America. People worked very hard to 2. ………………… them. I think they were very 3. ………………… because they were underground for 69 days and they didn’t 4. ………………… .

2. Luke volunteered to be part of a 1. …………………. in Haiti after the earthquake. He says it was difficult helping the 2. …………………, but he found the work to be very 3. …………………. He says he will continue volunteering whenever there is a 4. ………………… in the world.

3. Racing car drivers 1. …………………. their lives every time they compete. They drive very fast and if there is an accident, they may not come out of it 2. …………………. Racing car driving may be an 3. …………………. sport to watch, but it is also very dangerous!
6 Complete the mini-dialogues with the words and phrases below. Make any necessary changes.
lucky • missing • worried • manage • safe • injured • scared of • plane crash • relief

1. A: Jon was in the 1. ______________ near Bristol yesterday.
   B: Was he 2. ______________ ?
   A: No. He was really 3. ______________!

2. A: I’m 1. ______________ about leaving the children alone.
   B: They’re already old enough to stay at home. They’ll be 2. ______________ if they lock the door.
   A: You’re right. There is nothing to be 3. ______________ leaving them on their own.

3. A: Did you find your 1. ______________ wallet?
   B: Yes, I found it on the floor of the car. It was a 2. ______________ because I had a lot of money in it.
   A: It’s good that you 3. ______________ to find it.

Grammar

1 Choose the correct verbs to complete the sentences. Use the Past Simple or Present Perfect Simple.

1. It’s nine o’clock and Phillip ________________ breakfast. He ________________ at six o’clock. (already eat / wake up)

2. We are surprised because our teacher ________________ us that this material will be in the test. We ________________ this material at school last year. (not study / just tell)

3. She ________________ a new dress for her sister’s wedding yet. She can’t find anything, although she ________________ in the shops last week. (look / not buy)

4. It ________________ in April, but yesterday the weatherman ________________ that it could happen this year. (never snow / say)

5. Nine months ago, Kate ________________ her first driving lesson. Unfortunately, she still ________________ the driving test. (take / not pass)

2 Complete the passages with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Simple or Past Perfect Simple.

1. The restaurant manager 1. ________________ (hire) a new waitress by the time
   1. ________________ (come) for the interview. I 3. ________________ (be) very disappointed because I 4. ________________ (lose) my job the week before.
2. Mum ¹ …………………… (already prepare) all the food for the picnic when it ² …………………… (begin) to rain. She ³ ……………………. (blame) us because we ⁴ ……………………. (not listen) to the weather forecast.

3. After the team ¹ …………………… (win) the championship, the fans ² ……………………. (go) to the city centre to celebrate. The police ³ ……………………. (close) off the streets before the fans ⁴ ……………………. (arrive).

3 Write sentences with the words below. Use the Past Simple or Past Perfect Simple.

1. drive / after / George / basketball practice / home / he / finish / ?

2. that day / because / I / breakfast / hungry / be / not eat / I / .

3. sit down / the audience / start / by the time / the play / ?

4 Complete the mini-dialogues with the verbs below. Use the Past Simple, Present Perfect Simple or Past Perfect Simple.

   help • not want • be

   1. A: Michael ¹ ………………… to help me with my homework yesterday.
      B: ² ………………… he ever ³ ………………… you?
      A: No, he ³ ………………… always ………………… like this.

   break in • go • happen

   2. A: What a mess! What ¹ ………………… to your house?
      B: A thief ² ………………… after we ³ ………………… to sleep.

   not see • return

   3. A: I ¹ ………………… Terry and Nan recently. Where are they?
      B: They ² ………………… just ………………… from Africa.

5 Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets. Do not change the original meaning of the sentences.

1. The taxi came to the house at eight o’clock. The visitors were ready to leave. (by the time)

2. She started at this company seven years ago. (worked)

3. Sue cleaned the floor. Then she washed the dishes. (after)
4. In 1999, Dan’s first book was written. (wrote)
5. The children ate all the biscuits so Mum baked some more. (eaten)

UNIT 3

Vocabulary

1 Replace the words in bold with a suitable word or expression. Make any necessary changes.
1. The boys had a perfect plan to get the money for the tickets. ..............................
2. Eating lots of fruit and vegetables is the most successful way to lose weight. ..............................
3. The accident happened when the man drove through a red traffic light. ..............................
4. It was very thoughtful of you to help Jason. ..............................
5. How do you turn off an iPod? ..............................

2 Complete the mini-dialogues with the words below. Make any necessary changes. There are more words than you need.

convenient • environmentally-friendly • no longer • practical • latest • download music • valuable
laptop • user-friendly • creative

1. A: This machine is so easy to use because it’s so ...............................
   B: Let me see. Is it the .............................. model?
2. A: I want to buy a new car which is .............................. because I want to stop polluting the air.
   B: That’s not being ............................... Those cars are very expensive and you don’t have a lot of money.
3. A: I want to .............................. for my phone but my sister is using the computer.
   B: Then why don’t you use your father’s ..............................?
4. A: I can’t wait for the new shopping centre in our neighbourhood to open. I will .............................. have to do my shopping in the centre of town.
   B: Me, too! It’s going to be so much more .............................. to do shopping close to home.

3 These sentence pairs don’t make sense. Write your own second sentence that follows logically from the first. Pay attention to the words in bold.
1. Beth has been very **productive**. She has done nothing.

2. This is a **global** problem. It affects people in a specific area.

3. Please **remind** me about tomorrow’s meeting. I know I won’t forget.

4. Try to **deal with** the problem. It’s not important.

4 Complete the sentences to show that you have understood the meaning of the words in bold.

1. A **common** problem among teenagers is .............................................................

2. This weekend, I have to **clean up** ........................................................................

3. Scientists found an **innovative** way to .................................................................

4. It’s difficult to **solve a problem** when .................................................................

5. The most **up to date** item I own is ........................................................................

5 Complete the passage with the words and phrases below. There are more words than you need.

- **come up with an idea**
- **locations**
- **conducted experiments**
- **long-lasting**
- **device**
- **reliable**
- **store information**
- **productive**
- **breakthrough**
- **complicated**

One day, we may be able to **1.** .................................................. straight onto our brains, as they did in the film *The Matrix*. Until then, what can people in remote **2.** ............................................. do if medical care is needed and there’s no doctor nearby? ESA, the European Space Agency, has **3.** .......................................................... It’s called CAMDASS, and it provides step-by-step guidance for an untrained person to operate a medical **4.** .......................................................... CAMDASS uploads an image of the patient and then projects instructions onto the patient’s body. The ESA has **5.** .......................................................... which showed that untrained users could perform fairly **6.** .......................................................... medical procedures using the new invention. After tests have proved that CAMDASS is completely **7.** .........................................................., it will be used in the International Space Station as well as in developing countries. When this happens, it will be a major **8.** .......................................................... in solving the problem of remote medical care.

**Grammar**

1. Complete the mini-dialogues with the verbs in brackets. Use the Future Simple and be going to. There may be more than one possible answer.

1. A: It’s getting late. .......................... you .................................................. (take) a taxi?
B: Yes, I ……………………………… (order) it when I find my phone.

2. A: Charles ……………………………… (spend) all his money on a new car.
   B: What a mistake! I ……………………………… (try) and make him change his mind.

3. A: I don’t like going to the dentist because I know it ……………………………… (hurt).
   B: I ……………………………… (come) with you tomorrow to make you feel better.

4. A: My sister ……………………………… (invite) the whole class to her party.
   B: ……………………………… she ……………………………… (send) the invitations?

5. A: Shelley ……………………………… (not be) late. She never is.
   B: I disagree. There ……………………………… (be) a bus strike today.

6. A: What courses ……………………… (invite) the whole class to her party.
   B: ……………………………… she ……………………………… (send) the invitations?

2 Choose the correct verbs to complete the sentences. Use the Future Continuous or Future Perfect Simple.

1. By next week, we ……………………………… our final exams. The school ……………………………… out the marks in another two weeks. (give / finish)

2. The artist finished his paintings. He ……………………………… them in a gallery in London next month. We ……………………………… in London at that time, so we might go. (stay / show)

3. Jamie ……………………………… his computer soon because he ……………………………… his old one for about four years by the end of the month. (change / have)

4. My aunt and uncle ……………………………… the last train by now. Tomorrow, we ……………………………… them to hear about the trip. (call / catch)

3 Complete the sentences with the words in brackets. Use a suitable future tense.

1. Tom, Jim and Shannon have a rock band. They ¹ ……………………………… (start) playing at private parties. They hope that in a few months, they ² ……………………………… (get) jobs at local clubs. They say that they ³ ……………………………… (not refuse) any job because they want to succeed.

2. By June, Dave and Ellie ¹ ……………………………… (move) to the USA. Dave ² ……………………………… (join) a big hi-tech company and Ellie ³ ……………………………… (study) at the local university. I don’t think we ⁴ ……………………………… (see) them for a long time because they ⁵ ……………………………… (not have) money for the plane tickets.

4 Write a logical continuation for each sentence. Use a suitable future tense.
1. We’ve got lots of time.

2. I really like these jeans.

3. Be careful!

4. I can’t wait for the summer.

5. Ask me about the results tomorrow.

UNIT 4

Vocabulary

1. Are the following sentences true or false? Pay attention to the words in bold. Correct the false statements without changing the words in bold.

   1. When people *get along*, they argue a lot.

   2. When people *grow apart*, they get taller.

   3. If you *keep in touch* with someone, you are in contact with them.

   4. When you *take after* someone, you like them.

   5. If you *get to know* someone, you discover information about them.

   6. When people *fall in love*, they no longer like each other.

   7. If someone *plays a role* in your life, you try and avoid them.

2. Complete the sentences with the words below. There are more words than you need.

   - divorced
   - claimed
   - values
   - background
   - decision
   - increased
   - relatives
   - lasted

   1. I don’t agree with all of my parents’ rules and ......................

   2. The teacher ...................... the number of exercises to give the students more practice.
3. The lawyer ………….. that his client was innocent, but the judge didn’t believe him.
4. Anne met her boyfriend a year after she got ……………… .
5. Peter always asks for advice before making a ………………….

3 Complete the sentences to show that you have understood the meaning of the words in bold.

1. My parents **doubt** that …………………………………………………………………………. .
2. They **broke up** because ………………………………………………………………………….
3. In my opinion, a perfect **date** is ………………………………………………………………….
4. Mark is so **selfish** that …………………………………………………………………………….
5. I expect a **close friend** to ………………………………………………………………………….

4 Complete the mini-dialogues with the words below. Make any necessary changes.

- research • arrangement • relationship • make friends • energetic • muscular
- great sense of humour • couple • possibility • give it a chance

1. A: I don’t think that Carl’s ……………………… with his girlfriend is going well.
   B: I know, but he told me that they want to …………………………… .
2. A: I went for a job interview yesterday. There’s a …………………………… that they’ll hire me.
   B: I’m sure they will. I know they’re looking for an ………………………… and hardworking person like you.
3. A: Do you know that ……………………… shows that more and more people are meeting through the Internet?
   B: I’m not surprised. I know of at least four ………………………… who met that way.
4. A: Don’t forget to invite Bill to the party. People enjoy his company because he has a …………………………… .
   B: That’s why he always …………………………… so easily.
5. A: Jim must be going to the sports club. He has become very …………………………… .
   B: Yes, he has an …………………………… with a trainer at the club.

5 Replace the words in bold with a suitable adjective.

1. Could you find out if he is **not married**? ………………………
2. Jeff, my mountain climbing partner, is **someone who enjoys exciting new experiences**. ………………………
3. My sister is **thin** now, but she used to be overweight. ………………………
4. Fashion models must be **attractive** people. ………………………
5. Jenna is quite short and **small**. ………………………
6. The new student felt **uncomfortable and nervous** among people she didn’t know.

**Grammar**

1. Complete the sentences with modals that fit the categories in brackets. There may be more than one possible answer.

1. It’s a formal dinner. You …………………… wear your good suit. (obligation)
2. …………………… you check the information on the Internet? (ability)
3. …………………… I have the car on Saturday night? (permission)
4. The last train leaves at 22:00. We …………………… be at the station by 21:50. (necessity)
5. We …………………… go on a picnic because there is a possibility of rain. (possibility)
6. Do you want my advice? You …………………… apologise to your brother. (advice)

2. Complete the sentences using a suitable modal perfect and the correct form of the verbs in brackets. There may be more than one possible answer.

1. Ben isn’t answering his mobile phone. He ………………………… take it with him.
2. I ………………………… apologise), but I was too embarrassed.
3. Ellen has put on a lot of weight. She ………………………… go off) her diet.
4. It’s a pity I didn’t know you were in town. We ………………………… (go out) together.
5. You ………………………… (not turn) right at the traffic light. We’re going in the wrong direction.

3. Complete the mini-dialogues with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. There may be more than one possible answer.

1. A: The shops don’t have the disc that I want.
   B: You ………………………… (buy) it when you were in London last week.
2. A: My printer isn’t working. ………………………… I ………………………… (use) yours?
   B: Sorry, something’s wrong with my printer too.
3. A: The children ………………………… (not watch) television so late at night.
   B: It’s all right. They are on holiday tomorrow.
4. A: This town is familiar. I ………………………… (be) here before.
   B: Of course you have. We came to a party here last year.
5. A: You ………………………… (not leave) the computer on during a thunderstorm.
   B: You’re right. I’m going to turn it off right now.
Rewrite the following sentences using the correct form of the modals in brackets. Do not change the original meaning of the sentences.

1. Maya is sorry she didn’t come to the street market. (should)

2. Simon knows how to prepare sushi. (can)

3. If you leave your bicycle outside, someone will steal it. (mustn’t)

4. The teacher didn’t give us our marks yesterday, although she had them. (could)

5. It’s important that you speak to the doctor. (ought to)

6. Dad thinks that he left the keys in the car last night. (might)

Complete the passage with modals or modal perfects and the words in brackets. There may be more than one possible answer.

Travelling abroad with your family 1. ........................................ (be) a very enjoyable experience, if you are prepared. First, you 2. ........................................ (find out) what everyone wants to do. Last year, my dad didn’t ask us where we wanted to go. He thought we 3. ........................................ (enjoy) a quiet hotel on the beach and took us to Morocco. However, we wanted to go skiing in the mountains. My sister 4. ........................................ (be) very annoyed because she said that she would never go on another family holiday. This year, my dad realised that he 5. ........................................ (discuss) the plans with all of us. He is afraid that he 6. ........................................ (make) a mistake like last year. He says that we 7. ........................................ (choose) between a week in Germany or Greece. I think my sister 8. ........................................ (speak) to my dad about last year, because he has learned his lesson!
UNIT 5

Vocabulary

1. Complete the dialogues with the words and phrases below.
   talented • outstanding • a waste of money • worth it
   upset • appreciate • make an appointment • do my best

1. A: I thought that was an 1. ……………………………… film!
   B: I thought it was terrible. I usually like Tom Hanks films. I think he’s a 
   2. ……………………………… actor, but this film was 3. ……………………………… . It definitely 
   wasn’t 4. ……………………………… .

   upset • appreciate • make an appointment • do my best

2. A: May I help you?
   B: It’s Mike Sommers. I called yesterday to 1. ……………………………… to see Dr Johnson.
   A: I’m sorry, but your name isn’t on the list.
   B: I phoned yesterday afternoon. Please check the list again!
   A: Um, your name isn’t here. But don’t get 2. ……………………………… , sir. I’ll 
   3. ……………………………… to get you an appointment.
   B: Thank you. I 4. ……………………………… that.

2. Match the quotes in A with the words and phrases in B.

   A          B
   “Nobody wears those any more.”  …….. a. status symbol
   “These boots will keep your feet warm.” …….. b. sensible
   “This will impress everyone.”        …….. c. rip-off
   “There aren’t any left. I sold them very quickly.” …….. d. out of fashion
   “They charged you too much.”        …….. e. in demand

3. Form collocations by adding make or do to the words below. Use your dictionary to help you.

1. ……………………… the cooking
2. ……………………… progress
3. ……………………… the gardening
4. ……………………… sense of
5. ……………………… a mess
6. ……………………… an effort
4. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the collocations from Exercise 3.

1. I can’t …………………………………… these instructions. Do you understand them?
2. My dad loves to ……………………………………. He’s even growing vegetables this year.
3. If you ……………………………………. please tidy up.
4. If Jane’s ……………………………………… tonight, it will be an excellent meal.
5. I ……………………………………. a lot of ……………………… on my history project today. I think I’ll finish it tomorrow.
6. He ……………………………………. to learn some German before he went to Berlin.

5. Complete the sentences with the words and phrases below. Make any necessary changes.
   out of work • earn • passer-by • customer • do a favour • second-hand

1. We’re lucky to have a shop in a busy road with a lot of ……………………………… . Many of them have become loyal ……………………………… .
2. Jessica ……………………………………. me ……………………………………. , so I bought her a gift. It’s an old David Bowie album that I found in a ……………………………………. shop.
3. He once ……………………………………. £100,000 a year, but he lost his job and is ……………………………………. .

6. Match the sentences in A to their continuations in B.

A
1. This doesn’t ………………… to me – and all sales at that shop are final.
2. This shirt is ………………… , but I just noticed a small hole.
3. Feel the fabric on this shirt. It’s really ………………… .

B
…… a. I’m sure the shop will let you ………………… it.
…… b. I agree, but the shirt itself isn’t ………………… .
…… c. You should have first ………………… it on.

7. Complete the sentences. Pay attention to the words in bold.

1. I was ………………… when ……………………………………………………………… .
2. I don’t ………………… when people ……………………………………………………………… .
3. I can’t ………………… to ………………………………………………………………………… .
4. When I ………………… a lot, I try to ………………………………………………………………………… .
1 **Grammar**

Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the first conditional, second conditional or a time clause.

1. My train leaves in about an hour. I ………………………… (miss) it if I
…………………………… (not leave) soon.

2. Chocolate’s not good for me. If I ………………………… (not be) allergic to it, I
…………………………… (eat) a piece of that cake.

3. We haven’t practised enough. We ………………………… (lose) the match next Saturday unless
we ………………………… (practise) this week.

4. It’s a pity that it’s so cold and rainy. I ………………………… (go) for a walk if the weather
…………………………… (be) better.

5. Everyone is hungry. We ………………………… (eat) as soon as Dave
…………………………… (arrive).

6. I’m glad my mum works for an airline. We ………………………… (not get) a discount on
tickets if she ………………………… (not work) for them.

2 **Grammar**

Write sentences with the words below according to the meaning of the original sentence. Use the first or second conditional. Make any necessary changes.

1. Jonathan has been working hard.
   in the exam / not do well / be upset / he / if / he
   ………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

2. Your ear has been hurting for three days.
   I / if / I / be / a doctor / you / see
   ………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

3. I didn’t realise so many people were coming to the meeting.
   unless / we / bring more chairs / stand / some people / have to
   ………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

4. I think you’ll like their latest CD.
   not recommend / I / it / I / not know / you / like jazz
   ………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

5. No, thanks. I don’t want any more dessert.
   I / if / be ill / I / eat more now
   ………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………
3 Complete the sentences with the verbs below. Use the third conditional.

*take* · *not help* · *know* · *pass* · *not go* · *not finish*

1. If Robert .............................. that they needed a lift to the party, he ......................... them.

2. I .............................. painting my room in one day if Ellen ......................... .

3. She .............................. her driving test if she .............................. over the speed limit.

4 Complete the letter with the verbs in brackets. Use the first, second or third conditional.

To the Local Council:

Last year, nearly 20 small family-owned shops closed in the town of Coburn. That 1. .............................. (not happen) if the huge new Coburn Shopping Centre 2. .............................. (not open). Sadly, the same thing 3. .............................. soon .............................. (happen) here in Wilton unless you 4. .............................. (prevent) the building of the Wilton Shopping Centre.

We believe that it will harm local business and that traffic 5. .............................. (increase) unless the developers also 6. .............................. (build) a new road.

We urge you to vote against the new centre. If you 7. .............................. (do), you 8. .............................. (make) Wilton residents very happy.

Sincerely,
John and Annie Smith
for the Wilton Residents’ Committee

5 Rewrite the sentences correctly. Pay attention to the errors in bold.

1. If Jack feels better tomorrow, he comes to school.

2. Would you miss me if I move to New York?

3. You would like my grandfather if you had met him.

4. Unless she really needed money, she won’t ask to borrow some.

5. If you buy a new scooter, would you give me a ride on it?
UNIT 6

Vocabulary

1 Match A to B to form logical phrases.

A  B
1. arrest  ......  a. a foreign country
2. resemble  ......  b. a flat
3. set in  ......  c. to the end of the race
4. based on  ......  d. a criminal
5. make it  ......  e. a true story
6. share  ......  f. your father

2 Write sentences using each of the phrases you formed in Exercise 1.

1. .......................................................... ..........................................................
2. .......................................................... ..........................................................
3. .......................................................... ..........................................................
4. .......................................................... ..........................................................
5. .......................................................... ..........................................................
6. .......................................................... ..........................................................

3 Complete the mini-dialogues with the words and phrases below.

leading characters · role · dislike · subtitles · shoot · cast · disadvantages · worth seeing

1. A: My friend was asked to ........................................ a film about our school.
   B: Who is going to be in the ...................................... – the students and teachers?

2. A: I want to act in the play at the community centre.
   B: What ........................................ do you want?
   A: I don’t care as long as I’m one of the ........................................ !

3. A: I know what’s good about this laptop, but are there any ......................... ?
   B: Yes, there are. I ................................. the colour. It will get dirty quickly.

4. A: Why don’t you watch foreign channels? The programmes are ......................... .
   B: Yes, but they don’t have English ................................. .
4 Complete the sentences to show that you have understood the meaning of the words in bold.

1. The workers are **determined** to ........................................................................................................
2. The **critics** thought that ......................................................................................................................
3. My idea of an **entertaining** film is ........................................................................................................
4. Children have the **right** to ....................................................................................................................
5. I **take** great **pride** in ............................................................................................................................
6. People often tell me I **resemble** ................. because ........................................................................

5 Complete the sentences with a suitable word.

1. Nick’s ............................. jokes made everyone laugh.
2. Don’t blame yourself. It’s ......................... to do everything perfectly.
3. You need to be a good speaker and a charismatic person to be a .................................
4. I won’t go to a film if I don’t like the actors that ......................... in it.
5. After my rock band ......................... at the local club, we were asked to appear on television.
6. That painting is very .............................. It looks like a photograph.

6 Complete the passage with the words below. There are more words than you need.

*breathtaking* • *clever* • *success* • *special effects* • *effort* • *gory* • *released* • *event* • *box-office hit*

Kate is in charge of planning an important family 1 .......................... – her sister’s wedding. It’s going to be outside, so Kate wants to have some 2 .......................... like fireworks. She also has a 3 ........................ idea: two white doves will be 4 ........................ into the air after the young couple take their vows. Kate thinks that it will be a 5 ........................ moment that no one will ever forget. I think that the wedding will be a 6 ........................ because Kate always achieves what she wants to do.

**Grammar**

1 Rewrite the sentences in the passive. Omit the agent when possible.

1. My grandmother grew vegetables in the garden.
   ..............................................................................................................................................................
2. Do they deliver the groceries from the supermarket?
   ..............................................................................................................................................................
3. He was hanging out the clothes when it started to rain.
   ..............................................................................................................................................................
4. Someone hasn’t closed the door.

5. When will the waiter bring the food?

6. They should start the project soon.

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the active or passive form.

1. The roof ......................... (damage) in the storm last night. My father ......................... (go up) to the roof to check the damage in a few minutes.

2. Tony ......................... (not eat) fish because he ......................... (tell) by the doctor that he is allergic to it.

3. Your shirt ......................... (must wash) because you ......................... (get) tomato sauce on it.

4. Owen ......................... (borrow) money from Alex last month. Do you think the money ......................... (repay)?

3 Write answers to the questions using the words below. Use the passive form of the verbs.

1. Why are you staying after school?
   I / punish / for copying / in a test

2. When did the letter arrive?
   It / receive / two days ago

3. What should we do with the suitcases when we land?
   They / load / into the car

4. Who prepared this?
   All the work / do / by volunteers

5. Why is everyone standing in the corridor?
   We / not allow / in the room
4 Write questions for the answers using the words below. Use the active or passive form.

1. A: ........................................................................................................................................................................
   the car / drive / at the moment / ?
   B: No, it hasn’t been moved since last week.

2. A: ........................................................................................................................................................................
   How often / the bus / pass / here / ?
   B: Every half an hour.

3. A: ........................................................................................................................................................................
   What / use / to decorate / the room / ?
   B: There were balloons and colourful posters.

4. A: ........................................................................................................................................................................
   How / you / find / the tourist sites / in Rome / ?
   B: We looked in a guidebook.

5. A: ........................................................................................................................................................................
   the library book / return / ?
   B: Sorry, I forgot to do it.

5 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use active, passive and causative forms.

1. The children 1. ……………………………… (give) too many sweets by their grandmother and now
   they 2. ……………………………… (feel) ill. I 3. ……………………………… (check) them tomorrow.

2. Ten people 1. ……………………………… (invite) to the meeting, but twelve people
   2. ……………………………… (come). We must 3. ……………………………… (bring) two more chairs
   to the conference room.

3. It’s time that the boys 1. ……………………………… their hair ………………………………. (cut). The
   teachers always 2. ……………………………… (complain) that their hair 3. ………………………………
   (wear) so long.

4. Cathy 1. ……………………………… (study) French last year because her company
   2. ……………………………… (begin) to do business in France. Now, her boss can
   3. ………………………………. (translate) into French.

5. Mike’s wife 1. ……………………………… (love) to shop at all the sales. Her wardrobes
   2. ………………………………. (fill) with her clothes and shoes. Now Mike 3. ………………………………
   a big new wardrobe ………………………………. (build) for her future purchases!
UNIT 7

Vocabulary

1. Complete the second sentence using the words in brackets so that it adds details to the first sentence. Make any necessary changes.

1. We’ve bought a new flat.
   We ................................................................. (move).

2. No one helped me.
   I ................................................................. (alone).

3. People are holding signs and shouting.
   They ................................................................. (protest).

4. People can’t live if there’s no work.
   The government ................................................................. (unemployment).

5. Several charities have asked me for money.
   I ................................................................. (donate).

6. Their little girl needs an expensive operation.
   Her parents ................................................................. (raise money).

7. My alarm clock didn’t ring this morning.
   I ................................................................. (rush).

8. Denise is very special.
   She ................................................................. (unlike).

9. It will take an hour to get into this restaurant!
   ................................................................. (queue).

10. I complained to my boss.
    I ................................................................. (wages).

2. Write an example of the following descriptions.

1. A crime that was committed in your area.
   ............................................................................

2. A device that must be charged.
   ............................................................................

3. An elderly person you know.
   ............................................................................

4. An object that is worthless.
   ............................................................................
5. A reason why people would go on strike.

6. A cause that you support.

3 Replace the words in bold with words or phrases of similar meaning.

1. It’s wrong to use physical force to get what you want. 
2. Glenn worked without pay at an animal sanctuary in Africa.
3. Bernice left university before graduating and got a job as a waitress.
4. They hardly have enough for the monthly payment for their flat.
5. The homeless man tried to find a safe place to spend the night.
6. They’ve had a long and happy relationship as husband and wife.
7. We tried to convince him, but our arguments were ineffective.

4 Complete the sentences to show that you have understood the words in bold.

1. Ryan joined a demonstration against ......................................................
2. That was the most peaceful .................................................................
3. Warren was completely helpless after ............................................... 
4. Valerie felt quite hopeful about ...........................................................
5. People who sell drugs should ..............................................................
6. Gangs of young people sometimes .....................................................
7. It was thoughtful of you to .................................................................
8. When you leave the house, make sure ............................................... 

5 Complete the definitions with a suitable word. There may be more than one possible answer.

1. Hunger means that you don’t have enough to ..............................
2. A charity is an organisation that ...................... people.
3. The slums are a place where people live.
4. Someone who is jobless doesn’t ......................
5. Ignorance of something means that you don’t ....................... about it.
6. Poverty means you don’t have enough ......................
7. If you spot something, you ...................... it.
8. If you take action, it’s usually to ...................... something you don’t like.
Grammar

1. Rewrite the sentences in reported speech.
   1. “I walked the children to school,” Judy said.
      Judy said that she .................................................................
      Joe said that the television ....................................................
   3. “Brad has just called for an ambulance,” the nurse said.
      The nurse said that Brad ......................................................
   4. “I don’t eat tomatoes,” said Erica.
      Erica said that she ...............................................................
   5. “We must remember to buy the birthday present,” said the girls.
      The girls said that they ........................................................

2. Rewrite the sentences in reported speech.
   1. “Don’t leave before the bell,” the teacher said to the students.
      ...........................................................................................
   2. “The price of the tickets will be higher,” said Mike.
      ...........................................................................................
   3. “Let’s have a picnic on Sunday,” suggested Lorraine.
      ...........................................................................................
   4. “You may need to repair the engine,” said the mechanic.
      ...........................................................................................
   5. “The shop isn’t selling anything nice,” said Rosie.
      ...........................................................................................

3. Rewrite the questions in reported speech.
   1. “How often does the bus leave?” the traveller wanted to know.
      ...........................................................................................
   2. “Have the workers gone on strike?” the reporter asked.
      ...........................................................................................
   3. “Why didn’t the doctor check your temperature?” Mother wondered.
      ...........................................................................................
   4. “Can you give me directions to the station?” the driver asked.
5. “Which dessert are you going to choose?” the waiter wanted to know.

4. **Rewrite the sentences in reported speech.**

1. “The exhibition is going to start next week,” the museum guide announced.

2. “Take your dirty shoes off now,” my sister ordered me.

3. “We never read those books from the library,” the students admitted.

4. “My assistant sent the letter last month,” the manager said.

5. “Call the office about this problem tomorrow,” said the secretary.

6. “Tom broke his leg on this pavement yesterday,” Jack said.

7. “Can I put the package here?” asked the delivery boy.

5. **Rewrite the sentences in reported speech using the reporting verbs below. Make any necessary changes.**

    *suggest* • *tell* • *advise* • *remind* • *warn* • *admit* • *complain*

1. “It’s all my fault,” Olivia said.

2. “My football team has lost again,” Ethan said.

3. “You should apologise to your friend,” Sharon said.

4. “Don’t hit your brother again!” Dad said.

5. “We cleaned the kitchen,” the children said to their mother.

6. “Let’s not decide anything now,” the lawyer said.

UNIT 8

Vocabulary

1. These sentence pairs don’t make sense. Write your own second sentence that follows logically from the first. Pay attention to the words in bold.
   1. Andrew is often rude to people. He is well liked.
      .................................................................
   2. I never remember the password. I should make it bigger.
      ......................................................................
   3. Please remove the photos of me. I want everyone to see them.
      ......................................................................
   4. Your clothes are inappropriate for a job interview. You’ll impress everyone.
      ......................................................................
   5. I can’t imagine life without texting. It’s the fastest way to travel.
      ......................................................................

2. Complete the sentences to show that you have understood the meaning of the phrasal verbs in bold.
   1. My brother usually turns to me when .................................................................
   2. The party turned out well so everyone was ............................................................
   3. I am turned off by people who .................................................................
   4. Jessica decided to turn down the job offer because ..............................................
   5. The restaurant manager had to turn away customers because ..............................
   6. Although it was cold this morning, the day turned into ........................................

3. Complete the sentences to show that you have understood the meaning of the words in bold.
   1. You have an annoying habit of .................................................................
   2. One of my most embarrassing moments was ........................................................
   3. The guests commented on .................................................................
   4. It is very distracting when you .................................................................

4. Complete the sentences with the words below. There are more words than you need. Make any necessary changes.
   truth • encourage • inbox • criticise • personal • inappropriate • request • update • profile
1. We don’t stay at big hotels because the service is often ………………………. 
2. Karen was very upset when her teacher ……………………. her work. 
3. After the singer had finished the performance, she continued singing ……………………. from the audience. 
4. Please check your ………………………. first thing tomorrow morning. I left you several messages. 
5. The detective ……………………. his boss on the new details of the case. 
6. There is nothing ……………………. about George. He lies about everything. 

5 Complete the passage with the words below. Make any necessary changes. 
request • embarrassing • account • update • turn out • comment • post • wall
Jana really enjoys talking to people online. Last month, she opened an 1. ……………………. on a social networking site. At first, she 2. ……………………. messages and photographs on her 3. ……………………. nearly every day. After a while, she realised she was spending a lot of time 4. ……………………. her page. Her friends also expected her to 5. ……………………. on their photos and videos. What’s more, she noticed that she had many friend 6. ……………………. from people that she didn’t even know. One day, Jana was shocked to see an 7. ……………………. photo of herself on her best friend’s page. Jana’s experience with this type of site 8. ……………………. to be quite unpleasant!

6 Replace the words in bold with a suitable word or phrase.
1. James has the skill and knowledge to do this job. ……………………. 
2. The waiter charged me too much for the meal. He clearly made a mistake. ……………………. 
3. They participated in the conference. ……………………. 
4. The lawyer can’t show me the letter because it’s secret. ……………………. 
5. The smoke is causing damage to our health. ……………………. 

Grammar
1 Complete the sentences with suitable relative pronouns. There may be more than one possible answer.
1. The bank clerk ……………………. gave me the wrong information didn’t understand my question. 
2. The teacher ……………………. classes are a lot of fun likes to make jokes in the lesson. 
3. We celebrated Kate’s birthday at this restaurant ……………………. she was 16 years old. 
4. This is the school ……………………. I studied as a child. 
5. Shelley liked the song ……………………. she heard on the radio.
2 Combine the sentences using a relative clause. Make any necessary changes. Omit the relative pronoun if it is not needed.

1. Tom went on holiday to Nevis Island. We went to Nevis Island last year.
   (Tom went on holiday to Nevis Island where we went last year.)

2. They bought tickets for the concert. The concert will be held this Friday.
   (They bought tickets for the concert where the concert will be held.)

3. The police officer wanted to talk to the family. Their child was missing.
   (The police officer wanted to talk to the family whose child was missing.)

4. I collect small cups. I buy them when I go abroad.
   (I collect small cups that I buy while I'm abroad.)

5. Did Samantha find her purse? She lost it last night.
   (Did Samantha find her purse that she lost last night?)

6. The tallest building is downtown. It is 35 storeys high.
   (The tallest building in downtown is 35 storeys high.)

7. Did the girls go dancing at the club? My brother is the disc jockey there.
   (Did the girls go dancing at the club where my brother is the disc jockey?)

3 Combine the sentences using a non-defining clause. Make any necessary changes.

1. Pizza is one of my favourite foods. It is quite fattening.
   (Pizza is one of my favourite foods which is quite fattening.)

2. Her red shoes are very uncomfortable. She bought them on sale.
   (Her red shoes which are very uncomfortable were bought on sale.)

3. Magazine models are always tall and beautiful. They appear in advertisements.
   (Magazine models who are always tall and beautiful appear in advertisements.)

4. Dr Roth is very kind. He has a clinic in town.
   (Dr Roth who is very kind has a clinic in town.)

5. My phone has great sound. It contains all my favourite music.
   (My phone which has great sound contains all my favourite music.)

4 Write sentences with the words below and a relative pronoun. Make any necessary changes.

1. The train / we / miss / be / the last one tonight /.
   (The train that we miss is the last one tonight.)

2. Where / be / the e-mails / Tom / write / ?
   (Where are the e-mails that Tom wrote?)
3. Miami / be / a city / have / a warm climate /.

4. I / choose / the sweater / be / cheap /.

5. you / know / the girl / make the speech / now /?

6. He / always remember / the day / he / meet his wife /.

5 **Complete the sentences.**

1. I don’t like people who ..............................................................

2. The television programme which ...................................................

3. He will hire the person whose ......................................................

4. This is the place where I ..............................................................

5. They visited their friend that ......................................................

UNIT 9 **Vocabulary**

1 **Complete the sentences with the words and phrases below.**

*schedule • was born • lifestyle • guests • open-minded • diverse • stereotypes • kind*

1. The ……………………….. at the hotel were pleased with their rooms.

2. The ……………………….. woman helped the lost boy find his parents.

3. Rita dreams of having an exciting ……………………….. with expensive cars and trips around the world.

4. Henry has ……………………….. interests. He speaks Chinese and he also goes deep-sea diving.

5. I don’t agree with ……………………….. like *blondes aren’t clever*.

6. The baby ……………………….. at five o’clock in the morning.

7. The tour guide said that we have a busy ……………………….. today.

8. Could you be ……………………….. about my idea instead of saying “no”?

2 **Match the sentences in A to their continuations in B. Pay attention to the expressions in bold.**

A

1. Your children have such **good manners**.
2. The babysitter had to keep her eyes on the little boy.
3. Tony lost his way while driving here.
4. I have no leisure time during exam week.
5. The police think that Brad was involved in the car accident.
6. You can drive the car when you grow up.
7. My father buys flowers for my mother on special occasions.
8. If you want to go running in the park, wear appropriate clothes.

B

…… a. I have to study every day.
…… b. He forgot to bring the map.
…… c. They have asked him to come to the police station.
…… d. He kept trying to run into the street.
…… e. They always say “please” and “thank you”.
…… f. You should wear a tracksuit and trainers.
…… g. At the moment, you’re too young.
…… h. Today is her birthday.

3 Complete the sentences with the phrases below. Make any necessary changes.

have a good time • for the time being • spend time • take your time
from time to time • it takes time to • on time • a waste of time

1. The boys …………………………………… working on their project because they wanted a good mark.
2. It’s …………………………………… trying to talk to Ben when he’s angry.
3. The bus never comes …………………………………… . I always have to wait at least ten minutes.
4. Our new house isn’t ready yet. We are renting a flat …………………………………… .
5. …………………………………… get used to a new school.
6. Although pizza is not my favourite food, I eat it …………………………………… .
7. Did you …………………………………… at the party last night?
8. We only need the report next month, so you can …………………………………… writing it.

4 Complete the passage with the words below.

career • sunrise • accomplish • ambition • climber • pastime

My friend Adam always wanted an adventurous 1 …………………………………… . His 2 …………………………………… was to become a mountain 3 …………………………………… . When he was a
little boy, he used to get up early in the morning, before 4. ……………………. , and try to climb the highest tree in the neighbourhood. When Adam was at school, his favourite 5. ……………………. was rock climbing. Today, Adam is determined to become a mountain guide and he is studying at a school in Switzerland in order to 6. ……………………. this.

5 Complete the sentences to show that you have understood the meaning of the words in bold.

1. The best way to celebrate a birthday is ………………………………………………………………………... .
2. It isn’t easy to adapt to ……………………………………………………………………………………………...
3. What is the acceptable way to ………………………………………………………………………………………?
4. I enjoy wandering …………………………………………………………………………………………………..
5. A popular custom in my country is …………………………………………………………………………………..